Gorse Hill Primary School- Progression of Skills in PE				
	Gymnastics			
EYFS	KS1 National Curriculum	KS2 National Curriculum		
The main Early Years	1 Master basic movements including running,	1 Develop flexibility, strength, technique, cont	rol and balance [for example, through athletics	
Outcomes covered in	jumping, throwing and catching, as well as	and gymnastics].		
the Gymnastics units	developing balance, agility and coordination,		ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve	
are: 1 Initiates new	and begin to apply these in a range of	their personal best.		
combinations of	activities.			
movement and				
gesture in order to				
express and respond				
to feelings, ideas and				
experiences. (EAD BI				
40-60) 2 Experiments				
with different ways of				
moving. (PD M&H 40-				
60) 3 Jumps off an				
object and lands				
appropriately. (PD				
M&H 40-60) 4 Travels				
with confidence and				
skill around, under,				
over and through				
balancing and				
climbing equipment.				
(PD M&H 40-60)				
EYFS	KS1	LKS2	UKS2	
		Health and Fitness		
Describe how the	Recognise and describe how the body feels	Describe how the body reacts at different	Understand the importance of warming up	
body feels when still	during and after different physical activities.	times and how this affects performance.	and cooling down. Carry out warm-ups and	
and when exercising.	Explain what they need to stay healthy.	Explain why exercise is good for your health.	cooldowns safely and effectively.	
		Know some reasons for warming up and	Understand why exercise is good for health,	
		cooling down.	fitness and wellbeing.	
			Know ways they can become healthier.	
		Skills		
Increasingly be able	Create a short sequence of movements. Roll	Create a short sequence of movements. Roll	Create a short sequence of movements. Roll	
to use and remember	in different ways with control. Travel in	in different ways with control. Travel in	in different ways with control. Travel in	

sequences and patterns of movements which are related to music and rhythm. Decide whether to crawl, walk or run across a plank, depending on its length and width. Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks.	different ways. Stretch in different ways. Jump in a range of ways from one space to another with control. Begin to balance with control. Move around, under, over, and through different objects and equipment.	different ways. Stretch in different ways. Jump in a range of ways from one space to another with control. Begin to balance with control. Move around, under, over, and through different objects and equipment.	different ways. Stretch in different ways. Jump in a range of ways from one space to another with control. Begin to balance with control. Move around, under, over, and through different objects and equipment.
		Rolls	
Curled side roll (egg	Log roll (controlled)	Forward roll from standing	Forward roll from standing
roll)	Curled side roll (egg roll) (controlled)	Straddle forward roll	Straddle forward roll
Log roll (pencil roll)	Teddy bear roll (controlled)	Tucked backward roll	Pike forward roll
Teddy bear roll	Rocking for forward roll	Backward roll to straddle	Dive forward roll
	Crouched forward roll	Crouched forward roll	Tucked backward roll
			Backward roll to straddle
			Backward roll to standing pike
			Pike backward roll
		Jumps	
Straight jump Tuck	Straight jump Tuck jump Jumping jack Half	Straight jump Tuck jump Jumping jack Star	Straight jump, Tuck jump,
jump Jumping Jack	turn jump Cat spring Cat spring to straddle	jump Straddle jump Pike jump Straight jump	Jumping jack
Half turn jump		half-turn Straight jump full-turn Cat leap Cat	Star jump
		leap half-turn	Straddle jump
			Pike jump
			Stag jump
			Straight jump half-turn
			Straight jump full-turn
			Cat leap
			Cat leap half-turn

			Cat leap full-turn Split leap
			Stag leap
		ult or other suitable raised platform, e.g. gymna	
	Hurdle step onto springboard Straight jump	Hurdle step onto springboard Squat on vault	Hurdle step onto springboard Squat on vault
	off springboard Tuck jump off springboard	Straddle on vault Star jump off Tuck jump off	Straddle on vault Star jump off Tuck jump off
		Straddle jump off Pike jump off	Straddle jump off Pike jump off Squat
		handa and handa and a ff	through vault Straddle over vault
		tands, cartwheels and round-offs	T
Bunny hop	Bunny hop	Lunge into handstand	Lunge into cartwheel
	Front support wheelbarrow	Lunge into cartwheel	Lunge into round-off
	with partner		Hurdle step
	T-lever		Hurdle step into cartwheel
	Scissor kick		Hurdle step into round-off
		ravelling, linking and actions	T=:
	Tiptoe, step, jomp and hop	Tiptoe, step, jump and hop	Tiptoe, step, jump and hop
	Hopscotch	Hopscotch	Hopscotch
	Skipping	Skipping	Skipping
	Galloping	Chassis steps	Chassis steps
	Straight jump half turn	Straight jump half turn	Straight jump half turn
		Straight jump full turn	Straight jump full turn
		Cat leap	Cat leap
		Cat leap half turn	Cat leap half turn
		Pivot	Cat leap full turn
			Pivot
o. II I I	To. 11 1	Shapes and Balances	
Standing balances	Standing balances	1, 2, 3 and 4- point balances	1, 2, 3 and 4- point balances
	Kneeling balances	Balances on apparatus	Balances on apparatus
	Large body part balances	Balances with and against a	Develop technique, control and complexity of
	Balances on apparatus	partner	part-weight partner balances
	Balances with a partner	Pike, tuck, star, straight,	Group formations
	Pike, tuck, star, straight,	straddle shapes	Pike, tuck, star, straight, straddle shapes
	straddle shapes	Front and back support	Front and back support
	Front and back support		
0		Compete and perform	Terror .
Control my body	Perform sequences of their	Perform and create	Link actions to create a
when	own composition with	sequences with fluency and	complex sequence using a full

performing a	coordination.	expression.	range of movement that
sequence of	Perform learnt skills with	Perform and apply skills and	showcases different agilities,
movements.	increasing control.	techniques with control and	performed in time to music.
Participate in simple		accuracy	Perform and apply a variety of
games.			skills and techniques
			confidently, consistently and
			with precision.
			Begin to record their peers'
			performances, and evaluate
			these.

	Gorse Hill Primary School – PE Progression of skills			
Dance				
EYFS	KS1 National Curriculum	KS2 National Curriculum		
Early Years Outcomes The main Early Years Outcomes covered in the Dance units are: 1 Moves freely and with pleasure and confidence in a range of ways, such as slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping. (PD – M&H 30-50) 2 Experiments with different ways of moving. (PD – M&H 40-60) 3 Children show good control and coordination in large and small movements. They move confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space. (PD – M&H ELG) 4 Enjoys joining in with dancing and ring games. (EAD – M & M 30-50) 5 Beginning to move rhythmically. (EAD – M & M 30-50) 6 Imitates movement in response to music. (EAD – M & M 30-50) 7 Begins to build a repertoire of songs and dances. (EAD – M & M 40-60) 8 Children sing songs, make music and dance, and experiment with ways of changing them. (EAD – M & M ELG) 9 Developing preferences for forms of expression. (EAD – BI 30-50) 10 Uses movement to express feelings. (EAD – BI 30-50) 11 Creates	Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and cooperative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations. Pupils should be taught to: 1 master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and coordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities; 2 perform dances using simple movement patterns.	Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success. Pupils should be taught to:  1 develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics];  2 perform dances using a range of movement patterns;  3 compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.		

movement in response to

music. (EAD – BI 30-50) 12 Captures experiences and responses with a range of media, such as dance. (EAD – BI 30-50) 13 Initiates new combinations of movement and gesture in order to express and respond to feelings, ideas and experiences. (EAD – BI 40-60) 14 Children			
represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through dance. (EAD – BI ELG)			
EYFS	KS1	LKS2	UKS2
		Health and Fitness	
Recognise and describe how the body feels during and after different physical activities. Explain what they need to stay healthy.	Recognise and describe how the body feels during and after different physical activities.  Explain what they need to stay healthy.	Recognise and describe how the body feels during and after different physical activities.  Explain what they need to stay healthy.	Recognise and describe how the body feels during and after different physical activities.  Explain what they need to stay healthy.
	,	Dance skills	
Change the speed of their actions. Change the style of their movements. Create a short movement phrase which demonstrates their own ideas. Join a range of different movements together.	Copy, remember and repeat actions. Create a short motif inspired by a stimulus. Change the speed and level of their actions. Use simple choreographic devices such as unison, canon and mirroring. Use different transitions within a dance motif. Move in time to music. Improve the timing of their actions.	Identify and repeat the movement patterns and actions of a chosen dance style. Compose a dance that reflects the chosen dance style. Confidently improvise with a partner or on their own. Compose longer dance sequences in a small group. Demonstrate precision and some control in response to stimuli. Begin to vary dynamics and develop actions and motifs in response to stimuli. Demonstrate rhythm and spatial awareness. Change parts of a dance as a result of self-evaluation.	Identify and repeat the movement patterns and actions of a chosen dance style.  Compose individual, partner and group dances that reflect the chosen dance style.  Use dramatic expression in dance movements and motifs.  Perform with confidence, using a range of movement patterns.  Demonstrate strong and controlled movements throughout a dance sequence.  Combine flexibility, techniques and movements to create a fluent sequence.  Move appropriately and with the required style in relation to the stimulus, e.g. using various levels, ways of travelling and motifs.

Control my body when performing a	Perform sequences of their own composition with coordination.	Compete and perform  Perform and create sequences with fluency and expression.	Show a change of pace and timing in their movements.  Move rhythmically and accurately in dance sequences.  Improvise with confidence, still demonstrating fluency across their sequence.  Dance with fluency and control, linking all movements and ensuring that transitions flow.  Demonstrate consistent precision when performing dance sequences.  Modify some elements of a sequence as a result of self and peer evaluation.  Use complex dance vocabulary to compare and improve work.  Link actions to create a complex sequence using a full range of movement that
sequence of movements. Participate in simple games.	Perform learnt skills with increasing control.	Perform and apply skills and techniques with control and accuracy	showcases different agilities, performed in time to music. Perform and apply a variety of skills and techniques confidently, consistently and with precision. Begin to record their peers' performances, and evaluate these.
		Evaluate	
Talk about what they have done. Talk about what others have done.	Watch and describe performances, and use what they see to improve their own performance. Talk about the differences between their work and that of others.	Watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of performances, giving ideas for improvements. Modify their use of skills or techniques to achieve a better result.	Thoroughly evaluate their own and others' work, suggesting thoughtful and appropriate improvements.

Gorse Hill Primary School – PE Progression of skills				
	Games (including invasion games, net and wall strike and field)			
EYFS	KS1 National Curriculum	KS2 National Curriculum		
EYFS  The main Early Years Outcomes covered in the Games units are: 1 Shows increasing control over an object in pushing, patting, throwing, catching or kicking it. (PD – M&H 40-60) 2 Children show good control and coordination in large and small movements. (PD – M&H ELG) 3 Negotiates space successfully when playing racing and chasing games with other children, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles. (PD M&H 40-60) 4 Experiments with different ways of moving. (PD M&H 40-60)	<u>,                                      </u>	RS2 National Curriculum  Pupils should continue to apply and develop a bin different ways and to link them to make action enjoy communicating, collaborating and compete understanding of how to improve in different prevaluate and recognise their own success.  Pupils should be taught to:  1 use running, jumping, throwing and catching in 2 play competitive games, modified where appropriately cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and attacking and defending; 3 develop flexibility, states.	proader range of skills, learning how to use them ons and sequences of movement. They should sting with each other. They should develop an hysical activities and sports and learn how to in isolation and in combination; copriate [for example, badminton, basketball, tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for trength, technique, control and balance [for compare their performances with previous ones	
5 They move confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space. (PD M&H ELG)				
EYFS	KS1	LKS2	UKS2	
		Health and Fitness		

Recognise and describe how the body feels during and after different physical activities. Explain what they need to stay healthy.	Recognise and describe how the body feels during and after different physical activities.  Explain what they need to stay healthy.	Recognise and describe how the body feels during and after different physical activities. Explain what they need to stay healthy.	Recognise and describe how the body feels during and after different physical activities.  Explain what they need to stay healthy.
		Striking and hitting a ball	
Hit a ball with a bat or racquet.	Strike or hit a ball with increasing control. Learn skills for playing striking and fielding games. Position the body to strike a ball.	Use a bat, racquet or stick (hockey) to hit a ball or shuttlecock with accuracy and control. Accurately serve underarm. Build a rally with a partner. Use at least two different shots in a game situation. Use hand-eye coordination to strike a moving and a stationary ball.	Hit a bowled ball over longer distances. Use good hand-eye coordination to be able to direct a ball when striking or hitting. Understand how to serve in order to start a game. Use different techniques to hit a ball. Identify and apply techniques for hitting a tennis ball. Explore when different shots are best used. Develop a backhand technique and use it in a game. Practise techniques for all strokes. Play a tennis game using an overhead serve.
	Th	nrowing and catching a ball	
Roll equipment in different ways. Throw underarm. Throw an object at a target. Catch equipment using two hands.	Throw underarm and overarm. Catch and bounce a ball. Use rolling skills in a game. Practise accurate throwing and consistent catching.	Throw and catch with greater control and accuracy.  Practise the correct technique for catching a ball and use it in a game. Perform a range of catching and gathering skills with control.  Catch with increasing control and accuracy.  Throw a ball in different ways (e.g. high, low, fast or slow).  Develop different ways of throwing and catching.	Consolidate different ways of throwing and catching and know when each is appropriate in a game.  Throw and catch accurately and successfully under pressure in a game.
		relling and passing with a ball	T.,
Kick an object at a target.  Move a ball in different ways	Bounce and kick a ball whilst moving. Use kicking skills in a game. Use dribbling skills in a game.  Know how to pass the ball in different ways.	Pass the ball with increasing speed, accuracy and success in a game situation.  Move with the ball using a range of techniques showing control and fluency.	Show confidence in using ball skills in various ways in a game situation, and link these together effectively.

including kicking and bouncing.			Choose and make the best pass in a game situation and link a range of skills together with fluency, e.g. passing and receiving the ball on the move.
		Possession	
		Occasionally contribute towards helping their team to keep and win back possession of the ball in a team game.	Keep and win back possession of the ball effectively and in a variety of ways in a team game.
		Using space	
Move safely around the space and equipment. Travel in different ways, including sideways and backwards.	Use different ways of travelling at different speeds and following different pathways, directions or courses. Change speed and direction whilst running. Begin to choose and use the best space in a game.	Find a useful space and get into it to support teammates.  Make the best use of space to pass and receive the ball.	Demonstrate a good awareness of space.
	Attackin	g and defending/tactics and rules	
Play a range of simple chasing games and follow simple rules.	Begin to use and understand the terms attacking and defending. Use at least one technique to attack or defend to play a game successfully.  Understand the importance of rules in games. Use at least one technique to attack or defend to play a game successfully.	Vary the tactics they use in a game. Adapt rules to alter games. Use a range of attacking and defending skills and techniques in a game. Use fielding skills as an individual to prevent a player from scoring.	Think ahead and create a plan of attack or defence. Apply knowledge of skills for attacking and defending. Work as a team to develop fielding strategies to prevent the opposition from scoring. Follow and create complicated rules to play a game successfully. Communicate plans to others during a game. Lead others during a game.
		Evaluate	
Talk about what they have done. Talk about what others have done.	Watch and describe performances, and use what they see to improve their own performance. Talk about the differences between their work and that of others.	Watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of performances, giving ideas for improvements. Modify their use of skills or techniques to achieve a better result.	Thoroughly evaluate their own and others' work, suggesting thoughtful and appropriate improvements.
		Compete and perform	
Control my body when performing a sequence of movements. Participate in simple games.	Perform sequences of their own composition with coordination.  Perform learnt skills with increasing control.	Perform and create sequences with fluency and expression. Perform and apply skills and techniques with control and accuracy	Link actions to create a complex sequence using a full range of movement that showcases different agilities, performed in time to music.  Perform and apply a variety of skills and techniques confidently, consistently and

	with precision.  Begin to record their peers' performances,
	and evaluate
	these.

	Gorse Hill Primary School – PE Progression of skills			
	Athletics			
EYFS	KS1 National Curriculum	KS2 National Curriculum		
Early Years Outcomes The main Early Years Outcomes covered inthe Athletics units are: 1 Shows increasing control over an object in pushing, patting, throwing, catching or kicking it. (PD – M&H 40-60) 2 Children show good control and coordination in large and small movements. (PD – M&H ELG) 3 Negotiates space successfully when playing racing and chasing games with other children, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles. (PD M&H 40-60) 4 Experiments with different ways of moving. (PD M&H 40- 60) 5 They move confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space. (PD M&H ELG)	Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and cooperative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations. Pupils should be taught to:  1 master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities;  2 participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending.	Pupils should continue to apply and develop a b in different ways and to link them to make actio enjoy communicating, collaborating and compet understanding of how to improve in different phevaluate and recognise their own success. Pupils should be taught to:  1 use running, jumping, throwing and catching in 2 play competitive games, modified where approxicket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and the attacking and defending;  3 develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and gymnastics];  4 compare their performances with previous on their personal best.	ting with each other. They should develop an hysical activities and sports and learn how to in isolation and in combination; opriate [for example, badminton, basketball, tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for old and balance [for example, through athletics	
EYFS	KS1	LKS2	UKS2	

		Health and Fitness	
Recognise and describe how the body feels during and after different physical activities. Explain what they need to stay healthy.	Recognise and describe how the body feels during and after different physical activities. Explain what they need to stay healthy.	Recognise and describe how the body feels during and after different physical activities. Explain what they need to stay healthy.	Recognise and describe how the body feels during and after different physical activities.  Explain what they need to stay healthy.
,		Striking and hitting a ball	
Hit a ball with a bat or racquet.	Strike or hit a ball with increasing control. Learn skills for playing striking and fielding games. Position the body to strike a ball.	Use a bat, racquet or stick (hockey) to hit a ball or shuttlecock with accuracy and control. Accurately serve underarm. Build a rally with a partner. Use at least two different shots in a game situation. Use hand-eye coordination to strike a moving and a stationary ball.	Hit a bowled ball over longer distances. Use good hand-eye coordination to be able to direct a ball when striking or hitting. Understand how to serve in order to start a game. Use different techniques to hit a ball. Identify and apply techniques for hitting a tennis ball. Explore when different shots are best used. Develop a backhand technique and use it in a game. Practise techniques for all strokes. Play a tennis game using an overhead serve.
	Th	nrowing and catching a ball	
Roll equipment in different ways. Throw underarm. Throw an object at a target. Catch equipment using two hands.	Throw underarm and overarm. Catch and bounce a ball. Use rolling skills in a game. Practise accurate throwing and consistent catching.	Throw and catch with greater control and accuracy.  Practise the correct technique for catching a ball and use it in a game. Perform a range of catching and gathering skills with control.  Catch with increasing control and accuracy.  Throw a ball in different ways (e.g. high, low, fast or slow).  Develop different ways of throwing and catching.	Consolidate different ways of throwing and catching and know when each is appropriate in a game.  Throw and catch accurately and successfully under pressure in a game.
		velling and passing with a ball	
Kick an object at a target.	Bounce and kick a ball whilst moving. Use kicking skills in a game. Use dribbling skills in a game.	Pass the ball with increasing speed, accuracy and success in a game situation.	Show confidence in using ball skills in various ways in a game situation, and link these together effectively.

Move a ball in	Know how to pass the ball in different ways.	Move with the ball using a range of	Choose and make the best pass in a game
different ways		techniques showing control and fluency.	situation and link a range of skills together
including kicking and			with fluency, e.g. passing and receiving the
bouncing.			ball on the move.
		Possession	
		Occasionally contribute towards helping their	Keep and win back possession of the ball
		team to keep and win back possession of the	effectively and in a variety of ways in a team
		ball in a team game.	game.
		Using space	
Move safely around	Use different ways of travelling at different	Find a useful space and get into it to support	Demonstrate a good awareness of space.
the space and	speeds and following different pathways,	teammates.	
equipment. Travel in	directions or courses. Change speed and	Make the best use of space to pass and	
different ways,	direction whilst running. Begin to choose and	receive the ball.	
including sideways	use the best space in a game.		
and backwards.			
	Attackin	g and defending/tactics and rules	
Play a range of simple	Begin to use and understand the terms	Vary the tactics they use in a game.	Think ahead and create a plan of attack or
chasing games and	attacking and defending. Use at least one	Adapt rules to alter games.	defence. Apply knowledge of skills for
follow simple rules.	technique to attack or defend to play a game	Use a range of attacking and defending skills	attacking and defending. Work as a team to
	successfully.	and techniques in a game. Use fielding skills as	develop fielding strategies to prevent the
	Understand the importance of rules in games.	an individual to prevent a player from scoring.	opposition from scoring.
	Use at least one technique to attack or defend		Follow and create complicated rules to play a
	to play a game successfully.		game successfully. Communicate plans to
			others during a game. Lead others during a
			game.
		Evaluate	
Talk about what they	Watch and describe performances, and use	Watch, describe and evaluate the	Thoroughly evaluate their own and others'
have done. Talk about	what they see to improve their own	effectiveness of performances, giving ideas for	work, suggesting thoughtful and appropriate
what others have	performance. Talk about the differences	improvements. Modify their use of skills or	improvements.
done.	between their work and that of others.	techniques to achieve a better result.	
Control or 1	I Destruction of the control of the	Compete and perform	Livit control of the control of
Control my body	Perform sequences of their own composition	Perform and create sequences with fluency	Link actions to create a complex sequence
when performing a	with coordination.	and expression.	using a full range of movement that
sequence of	Perform learnt skills with increasing control.	Perform and apply skills and techniques with	showcases different agilities, performed in
movements.		control and accuracy	time to music.
Participate in simple			Perform and apply a variety of skills and
games.			techniques confidently, consistently and

	with precision.  Begin to record their peers' performances,
	and evaluate
	these.

	Gorse Hill P	rimary School – PE Progression of skills		
	Outdo	or Adventurous activities		
		KS2 National Curriculum		
		Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.  Pupils should be taught to:  • take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and in a team  • compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.		
EYFS	KS1	LKS2	UKS2	
Health and Fitness				
		Recognise and describe how the body feels	Recognise and describe how the body feels	
		during and after different physical activities.	during and after different physical activities.	
		Explain what they need to stay healthy.	Explain what they need to stay healthy.	
		Trails		
		Orientate themselves with increasing confidence and accuracy around a short trail. Orientate themselves with accuracy around a short trail.  Create a short trail for others with a physical challenge.  Start to recognise features of an orienteering course.	Orientate themselves with confidence and accuracy around an orienteering course when under pressure.  Design an orienteering course that is clear to follow and offers some challenge to others.  Use navigation equipment (maps, compasses) to improve the trail.	
		Problem Solving		
		Communicate clearly with people in a team and with other teams.  Have experience of a range of roles within a team and begin to identify the key skills required to succeed at each.  Associate the meaning of a key in the context of the environment.	Use clear communication to effectively complete a particular role in a team.  Compete in orienteering activities both as part of a team and independently.  Use a range of map styles and make an informed decision on the most effective.	

	Pre	eparation and Organisation	
		Make an informed decision on the best	Choose the best equipment for an outdoor
		equipment to use for an activity.	activity.
		Plan and organise a trail that others can	Prepare and orienteering course for others to
		follow.	follow.
		Begin to choose equipment that is appropriate	Identify the quickest route to accurately
		for an activity.	navigate an orienteering course.
		,	Manage an orienteering event for others to
			compete in.
		Communication	
		Communicate clearly with others.	Communicate clearly and effectively with
		Work as part of a team.	others when under pressure.
		Begin to use a map to complete and	Work effectively as part of a team,
		orienteering course.	demonstrating leadership skills when
			necessary.
			Successfully use a map to complete an
			orienteering course.
			Use a compass for navigation.
			Organise an event for others.
		Evaluate	
Talk about what they	Watch and describe performances, and use	Watch, describe and evaluate the	Thoroughly evaluate their own and others'
have done. Talk about	what they see to improve their own	effectiveness of performances, giving ideas for	work, suggesting thoughtful and appropriate
what others have	performance. Talk about the differences	improvements. Modify their use of skills or	improvements.
done.	between their work and that of others.	techniques to achieve a better result.	improvements.
done.	between their work and that of others.	Compete and perform	<u> </u>
Control my body	Perform sequences of their own composition	Perform and create sequences with fluency	Link actions to create a complex sequence
when performing a	with coordination.	and expression.	using a full range of movement that
sequence of	Perform learnt skills with increasing control.	Perform and apply skills and techniques with	showcases different agilities, performed in
movements.		control and accuracy	time to music.
Participate in simple		,	Perform and apply a variety of skills and
games.			techniques confidently, consistently and
			with precision.
			Begin to record their peers' performances,
			and evaluate
			these.

## Gorse Hill Primary School – PE Progression of skills

## **Swimming**

Swimming and Water Safety National Curriculum Aims All school must provide a swimming instruction either in Key Stage 1 or Key Stage 2. In particular, pupils should be taught to:

- swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metres
- use a range of strokes effectively (for example, front crawl, backstroke and breaststroke)
- perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations